The **ballpoint pen** (formerly known as the Bíró-pen) is one of the modern writing gadgets. It consists of a cylindrical mold filled with viscous ink and a sphere, normally made of brass, steel or volfram-carbide, having a diameter of about one millimeter and sealing its end. If we draw tip of the pen on a paper a spinning sphere releases the ink, which dries almost immediately. Cheap, reliable and maintenance-free ballpoint pens today have largely taken place over fountain pens in everyday use.

**Soda water** (also called soda in the common language) is a pressurized carbonated drink. Only products in Hungary may be referred to as "soda" which is filled into a siphon bottle or a siphon balloon (usually 25 liters) fitted with a special head (with a siphon head).

**The electric motor** is an electrical machine which, by the principle of electromagnetic induction, converts the energy of electricity into mechanical energy, usually into rotating motion. The first electric motor was made in 1825 by Ányos Jedlik.

The concept and structure of the **modern computer** was developed by John Neumann, in which each component is locally at the same place. Machines include a CPU that controls the computer (central processing unit), operating memory for the duration of the order, where data and programs that perform operations are saved, wiring system for data transfer between units (data bus system). And a system that communicate with the users called : I / O system.

**Túró Rudi** is a sweet and sour cottage cheese dessert coated with cocoa mass. It’s one of Hungary's old and the most popular milky dessert specialities.

Engineer Oszkár Asbóth buildt his helicopter after World War I, after a long experiment with a rigid propeller. On September 9, 1928, he flew up. His machine was also steerable horizontally, which had previously been considered an unsolvable problem. As a result of his success, all over Europe a new impetus was given to helicopter research

**Rubik's Cube** is a three-dimensional mechanical logic toy invented in 1974 by Ernő Rubik Jr. The original name of the Rubik's Cube was a magic cube.

In the patent description, the inventor named the mechanical gadget a spatial logic game. The purpose is to restore the original ordered color scheme by rotating the mixed small cubes so that all sides of the cube have the same color.