**Banknotes, coins, security features and symbols**

2. pic - Current means of payment in Hungary.

3. pic - First of all, I would like to talk about the coins.

4. pic - Our smallest value coin is the 5-forint-coin. You will see the exchange rate of all the money on the sideways.

Every coin has a picture or a symbol on the back of it, a legend, which means the " Republic of Hungary", and the date of issue.

On the back of the 5-forint-note there is a Great Egret.

5. pic - The next one is the 10-forint-coin. You can see the Hungarian Crest on the back of it.

6. pic - 20 forints. There is an Iris on the back of the coin.

7. pic - 50 forints. On the back of the 50-forint-coin, you can see a Saker.

8. pic - 100 forints. There is also a Hungarian Crest on the back, like on the 10-forint-coin.

9. pic - The 200-forint-coin is our coin of the greatest value currently. You can see the Chain Bridge on the back of the coin, which was designed by Széchenyi István.

10. pic - Banknotes. Notes look a bit more complex, I will talk about it later.

11. pic - The most important difference to the coins is that there is a famous Hungarian person on the front of each note.

Our smallest value note is the 500-forint-note. On the front of it you can see Ferenc Rákóczi and on the backside of the note, there is Castle of Sárospatak.

12. pic - The 1000-forint-note. On the front side, you can see King Matthias, on the back of it, there is the Hercules well.

13. pic - The 2000-forint-note. On the front of it, a picture of Gábor Bethlen can be found, on the back of it there is a picture where you can see Gábor Bethlen with his scientists.

14. pic - 5000 forints. On the front of the banknote, there is István Széchenyi, the historical person giving his name to our school, on the back; there is the Széchenyi-Castle, which is located in Nagycenk.

15. pic - Here is the 10.000-forint-note with Saint Stephan on the front, and a painting on the back, titled "Landscape view of Esztergom".

16. pic - Our banknote of the greatest value currently is the 20.000-forint-note. On the front, you can see Ferenc Liszt, and on the back of the note you can see the temporary Hungarian House of Representatives

17. pic - Security elements on banknotes. What I have been talked about, I will show you now.

18. pic - Changes on our banknotes, which are also security elements. On the left, you can see the front side of the banknote under UV-A and UV-C light.

I would like to start with describing the back of it. I have chosen a recently issued new 10.000 forint-note., but otherwise these elements can be found on all the banknotes, but in different forms.

There is a hidden picture on the right of the banknote. You can see an iridescent pressure on the top.

Depending on the angle of view, the iridescent print on the banknotes appears or disappears.

There is also a micro writing on the right side that can be seen with a magnifying glass.

There is a watermark on the right side of the front panel. If the banknote is held towards the light, a symbol or image is displayed.

Just like on the right side, above water mark there is a blind signal that can be felt with touching.

On the front of the banknote, on the right side of the watermill, there is a dotted, hologram-shaped strip of metal.

The motif in the centre of the banknote's front panel changes colour, and the two colours are clearly distinguishable.

Keeping the banknote towards the light, you can see a streak. With a magnifying glass, the repetitive MNB inscription and the 10,000 value readings can be read,

it is visible on both sides.

The main prints on the banknotes are a layer of ink that is emerging from the surface of the paper and can be checked by touching it on the bottom left corner of the bank note.

The figure fraction fragments printed on the top right corner of the banknote and the left top corner of the back of the banknote add light to the letter H.

19. pic - The end.